MC302
Power Amplifier
Owner’s Manual
The lightning flash with arrowhead, within an equilateral triangle, is intended to alert the user to the presence of uninsulated "dangerous voltage" within the product's enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.

**WARNING - TO REDUCE RISK OF FIRE OR ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS EQUIPMENT TO RAIN OR MOISTURE.**

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS!**

**PLEASE READ THEM BEFORE OPERATING THIS EQUIPMENT.**

1. Read these instructions.
2. Keep these instructions.
3. Heed all warnings.
4. Follow all instructions.
5. Do not use this apparatus near water.
6. Clean only with a dry cloth.
7. Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions.
8. Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
9. Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding-type plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The wide blade or the third prong are provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.
10. Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.
11. Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
12. Use only with the cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus. When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/apparatus combination to avoid injury from tip-over.
13. Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.
14. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.
15. Do not expose this equipment to dripping or splashing and ensure that no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, are placed on the equipment.
16. To completely disconnect this equipment from the a.c. mains, disconnect the power supply cord plug from the a.c. receptacle.
17. The mains plug of the power supply cord shall remain readily operable.
18. Do not expose batteries to excessive heat such as sunshine, fire or the like.
19. Connect mains power supply cord only to a mains socket outlet with a protective earthing connection.
Thank You
Your decision to own this McIntosh MC302 Power Amplifier ranks you at the very top among discriminating music listeners. You now have “The Best.” The McIntosh dedication to “Quality,” is assurance that you will receive many years of musical enjoyment from this unit.
Please take a short time to read the information in this manual. We want you to be as familiar as possible with all the features and functions of your new McIntosh.

Please Take A Moment
The serial number, purchase date and McIntosh Dealer name are important to you for possible insurance claim or future service. The spaces below have been provided for you to record that information:

Serial Number: ________________________________
Purchase Date: ________________________________
Dealer Name: ________________________________

Technical Assistance
If at any time you have questions about your McIntosh product, contact your McIntosh Dealer who is familiar with your McIntosh equipment and any other brands that may be part of your system. If you or your Dealer wish additional help concerning a suspected problem, you can receive technical assistance for all McIntosh products at:

McIntosh Laboratory, Inc.
2 Chambers Street
Binghamton, New York 13903
Phone: 607-723-3515
Fax: 607-723-1917

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General Information
1. The following Connecting Cable is available from the McIntosh Parts Department:

Power Control Cable Part No. 170-202

This manual contains technical information and is not intended to be a step-by-step guide for the installation or operation of your McIntosh equipment. This manual is intended for trained service personnel.

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Customer Service
If it is determined that your McIntosh product is in need of repair, you can return it to your Dealer. You can also return it to the McIntosh Laboratory Service Department. For assistance on factory repair return procedure, contact the McIntosh Service Department at:

McIntosh Laboratory, Inc.
2 Chambers Street
Binghamton, New York 13903
Phone: 607-723-3515
Fax: 607-723-1917

Customer Service

Six foot, 2 conductor shielded, with two 1/8 inch stereo mini phone plugs.

2. For additional connection information, refer to the owner’s manual(s) for any component(s) connected to the MC302.

3. The MC302 mutes the speaker output for approximately two seconds when first turned on.

4. For the best performance and safety it is important to always match the impedance of the loudspeaker to the Power Amplifier connections. Refer to “How to Connect” pages 8 thru 11.

Note: The impedance of a Loudspeaker actually varies as the Loudspeaker reproduces different frequencies. As a result, the nominal impedance rating of the Loudspeaker (usually measured at a midrange frequency) might not always agree with the impedance of the Loudspeaker at low frequencies where the greatest amount of power is required. Contact the Loudspeaker Manufacturer for additional information about the actual impedance of the Loudspeaker before connecting it to the McIntosh MC302.

5. In the event the MC302 over heats, due to improper ventilation and/or high ambient temperature, the protection circuits will activate. The Front Panel Power Guard LEDs will continuously indicate ON and the audio will be muted. When the MC302 has returned to a safe operating temperature, normal operation will resume.

6. When discarding the unit, comply with local rules or regulations. Batteries should never be thrown away or incinerated but disposed of in accordance with the local regulations concerning battery disposal.

7. For additional information on the MC302 and other McIntosh Products please visit the McIntosh Web Site at www.mcintosh-labs.com.
Cable Information, Introduction and Performance Features

Connector and Cable Information

XLR Connectors
Below is the Pin configuration for the XLR Balanced Input on the MC302. Refer to the diagram for connection:
- PIN 1: Shield/Ground
- PIN 2: + Input
- PIN 3: - Input

Power Control Connector
The MC302 Power Control Input receives an On/Off signal from +5 to +12 volts. The Power Control Output will in turn provide a +12 volt Output Signal with a total current up to 50mA. An additional connection is for controlling the illumination of the MC302 Power Output Meters. The 1/8 inch stereo mini phone plug connects to a McIntosh Preamplifier or A/V Control Center Power Control Output.

Note: The Power Control Connecting Cable is available from the McIntosh Parts Department:
Data and Power Control Cable Part No. 170-202
Six foot, shielded 2 conductor, with 1/8 inch stereo mini phone plugs on each end.

Introduction
Now you can take advantage of traditional McIntosh standards of excellence in the MC302 Power Amplifier. The 300 watts power per channel with high current output will drive any pair of high quality Loudspeakers. The MC302 reproduction is sonically transparent and absolutely accurate. The McIntosh Sound is “The Sound of the Music Itself.”

Performance Features

• Power Output
The MC302 is a Power Amplifier with a capability of 300 watts per channel into 2, 4 or 8 ohm speakers with less than 0.005% distortion. The Power Amplifier Circuitry uses ThermalTrak Output Transistors for lower distortion and cool operation.

• Patented Autoformer
McIntosh designed and manufactured Output Autoformers provide an ideal match between the amplifier output stages and speaker loads of 2, 4 and 8 ohms. The Autoformers also provide perfect DC protection for your valuable loudspeakers.

• Balanced and Unbalanced Inputs
Balanced connections guard against induced noise and allow long cable runs without compromising sound quality.

• Power Guard
The patented McIntosh Power Guard circuit prevents the amplifier from being over driven into clipping, with its harsh distorted sound that can also damage your valuable loudspeakers.

• Sentry Monitor and Thermal Protection
McIntosh Sentry Monitor power output stage protection circuits ensure the MC302 will have a long and trouble free operating life. Built-in Thermal Protection Circuits guard against overheating.

• Special Power Supply
A very large Power Transformer and Large Capacitors ensure stable noise free operation even though the power line varies.

1 ThermalTrak™ and ON Semiconductor are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC

• Illuminated Power Meters
The Illuminated Power Output Watt Meters on the MC302 are peak responding, and indicate the true power output of the amplifier. The Peak Watt Hold Mode allows the meter to temporarily stay at the highest power output and then slowly decay. The Front Panel Meter Illumination may be switched Off at any time.

• McIntosh Custom Binding Posts
McIntosh patent pending gold plated output terminals deliver high current output. They accept large diameter wire and spade lugs. Banana plugs may also be used only in the United States and Canada.

• Fiber Optic Solid State Front Panel Illumination
The even Illumination of the Front Panel is accomplished by the combination of custom designed Fiber Optic Light Diffusers and extra long life Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs).

• Glass Front Panel and Super Mirror Chassis Finish
The famous McIntosh Illuminated Glass Front Panel and the Stainless Steel Chassis with Super Mirror Finish ensures the pristine beauty of the MC302 will be retained for many years.
Dimensions

The following dimensions can assist in determining the best location for your MC302.

Front View of the MC302

- 17-1/2" 44.45cm
- 8-7/8" 22.54cm
- 9-7/16" 23.97cm

Rear View of the MC302

- 16-13/16" 42.70cm
- 13/16" 2.06cm

Side View of the MC302

- 20-3/16" 51.27cm
- 17-15/16" 45.55cm
- 5/8" 1.59cm
- 13" 33.02cm
- 2-3/16" 6.67cm
- 3/16" 0.48cm
- 8-3/8" 21.27cm
- 2-3/16" 5.55cm

Dimensions

Front View of the MC302

- 17-1/2" 44.45cm
- 8-7/8" 22.54cm
- 9-7/16" 23.97cm

Rear View of the MC302

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Side View of the MC302

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- 13" 33.02cm
- 2-3/16" 6.67cm
- 3/16" 0.48cm
- 8-3/8" 21.27cm
- 2-3/16" 5.55cm
Installation

The MC302 can be placed upright on a table or shelf, standing on its four feet. It also can be custom installed in a piece of furniture or cabinet of your choice. The four feet may be removed from the bottom of the MC302 when it is custom installed as outlined below. The four feet together with the mounting screws should be retained for possible future use if the MC302 is removed from the custom installation and used free standing. The required panel cutout, ventilation cutout and unit dimensions are shown. Always provide adequate ventilation for your MC302. Cool operation ensures the longest possible operating life for any electronic instrument. Do not install the MC302 directly above a heat generating component such as a high powered amplifier. If all the components are installed in a single cabinet, a quiet running ventilation fan can be a definite asset in maintaining all the system components at the coolest possible operating temperature.

A custom cabinet installation should provide the following minimum spacing dimensions for cool operation.

Allow at least 6 inches (15.24cm) above the top, 2 inches (5.08cm) below the bottom, 3 inches (7.62cm) behind the rear panel and 2 inches (5.08cm) on each side of the Power Amplifier, so that airflow is not obstructed. Allow 7/8 inch (2.22cm) in front of the mounting panel for clearance. Be sure to cut out a ventilation hole in the mounting shelf according to the dimensions in the drawing.

\[1\] When the MC302 is installed together with other McIntosh Components, check clearances on all components before proceeding.
Connect the MC302 power cord to a live AC outlet. Refer to the rear panel to determine the correct voltage.

INPUT MODE switch selects between Balanced or Unbalanced Inputs.

Unbalanced Input (LEFT and RIGHT Channels) for an audio cable from a Preamplifier or A/V Control Center audio output.

Balanced Inputs (RIGHT and LEFT Channels) for audio cables from a Pre-amplifier or A/V Control Center audio output.

POWER CONTROL IN receives turn On/Off signals from a McIntosh component.

POWER CONTROL OUT 1 and 2 send turn On/Off signals to the next McIntosh Component.

Rear Panel Connections and Switch

Fuse holder, refer to information on the rear panel of your MC302 to determine the correct fuse size and rating.

RIGHT OUTPUT Connections for a 2 ohm, 4 ohm or 8 ohm Loudspeaker.

LEFT OUTPUT Connections for a 2 ohm, 4 ohm or 8 ohm Loudspeaker.

Connect the MC302 power cord to a live AC outlet. Refer to the rear panel to determine the correct voltage.

Rear Panel Connections and Switch

Connect the MC302 power cord to a live AC outlet. Refer to the rear panel to determine the correct voltage.

Fuse holder, refer to information on the rear panel of your MC302 to determine the correct fuse size and rating.

RIGHT OUTPUT Connections for a 2 ohm, 4 ohm or 8 ohm Loudspeaker.

LEFT OUTPUT Connections for a 2 ohm, 4 ohm or 8 ohm Loudspeaker.

Connect the MC302 power cord to a live AC outlet. Refer to the rear panel to determine the correct voltage.

Fuse holder, refer to information on the rear panel of your MC302 to determine the correct fuse size and rating.

RIGHT OUTPUT Connections for a 2 ohm, 4 ohm or 8 ohm Loudspeaker.

LEFT OUTPUT Connections for a 2 ohm, 4 ohm or 8 ohm Loudspeaker.
Output Terminals

When connecting the Loudspeaker Hookup Cables to the MC452 Power Amplifier Output Terminals please follow the steps below:

1. Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post counterclockwise until an opening appears. Refer to figures A and B.
2. Insert the Loudspeaker hookup cable into the Output Terminal Post opening or the cable spade lug around the center post of the Output Terminal. Refer to figure C.
3. Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post clockwise until it is finger tight. Refer to figure D.
4. Place the supplied McIntosh Wrench over the top of the Output Terminal and rotate it one quarter of a turn (90° ) to secure the Loudspeaker Cable Connection. **Do not over tighten.** Refer to figure E.

How to Connect

**Caution: Do not connect the AC Power Cord to the MC302 Rear Panel until after the Loudspeaker Connections are made. Failure to observe this could result in Electric Shock.**

The connection instructions below, together with the MC302 Connection Diagram located on the separate folded sheet “Mc1A”, is an example of a typical audio system. Your system may vary from this, however the actual components would be connected in a similar manner. For additional information refer to “Connector and Cable Information” on page 4.

1. For Remote Power Control, connect a power control cable from the Audio Preamplifier or A/V Control Center Power Control Output 1 to the MC302 POWER CONTROL IN.
2. Connect XLR cables from the Balanced Output 1 (L&R) of an Audio Preamplifier or A/V Control Center to the MC302 Balanced Input (RIGHT and LEFT). Place the INPUT MODE Switch in the BALANCED Position.
   
   **Note: An optional hookup is to use unbalanced cables and place the INPUT MODE Switch in the UNBALANCED Position.**

This McIntosh MC302 Power Amplifier is designed for Loudspeakers with an impedance of 2 ohms, 4 ohms or 8 ohms. Connect a **single Loudspeaker only** to the Right and Left Output Terminals.

   **When connecting Loudspeakers to the MC302 it is very important to use cables of adequate size, so there is little to no power loss in the cables. The size is specified in Gauge Numbers or AWG (American Wire Gauge). The smaller the Gauge number, the larger the wire size:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loudspeaker Impedance</th>
<th>25 feet (7.62 meters) or less</th>
<th>50 feet (15.24 meters) or less</th>
<th>100 feet (30.48 meters) or less</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 Ohms</td>
<td>12AWG</td>
<td>10AWG</td>
<td>8AWG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Ohms</td>
<td>14AWG</td>
<td>12AWG</td>
<td>10AWG</td>
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<td>8 Ohms</td>
<td>16AWG</td>
<td>14AWG</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Prepare the Loudspeaker Hookup Cable for attachment to the MC302 Power Amplifier:

   **Bare wire cable ends:**

   Carefully remove sufficient insulation from the cable ends, refer to figures 2, 3 & 4. If the cable is stranded, carefully twist the strands together as tightly as possible.

   **Notes: 1. If desired, the twisted ends can be tinned with solder to keep the strands together. 2. The prepared bare wire cable ends may be inserted into spade lug connectors. 3. Banana plugs are for use in the United States and Canada only.**

4. Attach the previously prepared bare wire cable ends into the banana plugs and secure the connections. Refer to figure F.
5. Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post clockwise until it is finger tight. Refer to figure G. Then using the McIntosh Wrench, rotate the top of the Output Terminal one quarter of a turn (90° ). **Do not over tighten.** Refer to figure E.
6. Referring to figure H, connect the Loudspeaker hookup cables with banana plugs into the hole at the top of the terminal to the MC302 COM (Negative) Output Terminal and Positive Output Terminal identified as 2Ω (ohms), 4Ω (ohms) or 8Ω (ohms) connection to match the impedance of the Loudspeaker, being
careful to observe the correct polarities.

Note: The illustration on separate sheet “Mc1A” is connections for 8Ω (ohms) Loudspeakers.

If the Loudspeaker’s impedance is in-between the available connections, use the nearest lower impedance connection. Refer to “General Information” Note 4 on page 3 for additional information.

**WARNING:** Loudspeaker terminals are hazardous live and present a risk of electric shock. For additional instruction on making Loudspeaker Connections contact your McIntosh Dealer or McIntosh Technical Support.

7. Connect the MC302 power cord to an active AC outlet.

Spade Lug or Wire Connections:

8. Connect the Loudspeaker hookup cables to the MC302 COM (Negative) Output Terminal and Positive Output Terminal indentified as 2Ω (ohms), 4Ω (ohms) or 8Ω (ohms) connection to match the impedance of the Loudspeaker, being careful to observe the correct polarities. Insert the spade lug connector or prepared section of the cable end into the terminal side access hole, and tighten the terminal cap until the cable is firmly clamped into the terminals so the lugs or wire cannot slip out. Refer to figures 7 and 8.

9. Connect the MC302 power cord to an active AC outlet.

Note: The illustration on separate sheet “Mc1A” is connections for 8Ω (ohms) Loudspeakers.

If the Loudspeaker’s impedance is in-between the available connections, use the nearest lower impedance connection. Refer to “General Information” Note 4 on page 3 for additional information.

**WARNING:** Loudspeaker terminals are hazardous live and present a risk of electric shock. For additional instruction on making Loudspeaker Connections contact your McIntosh Dealer or McIntosh Technical Support.
Output Terminals

When connecting the Loudspeaker Hookup Cables to the MC452 Power Amplifier Output Terminals please follow the steps below:

1. Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post counterclockwise until an opening appears. Refer to figures A and B.

2. Insert the Loudspeaker hookup cable into the Output Terminal Post opening or the cable spade lug around the center post of the Output Terminal. Refer to figure C.

3. Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post clockwise until it is finger tight. Refer to figure D.

4. Place the supplied McIntosh Wrench over the top of the Output Terminal and rotate it one quarter of a turn (90°) to secure the Loudspeaker Cable Connection. **Do not over tighten.** Refer to figure E.

How to Connect for Bi-Amp

**Caution: Do not connect the AC Power Cord to the MC302 Rear Panel until after the Loudspeaker Connections are made. Failure to observe this could result in Electric Shock.**

The connection instructions below, together with the MC302 Connection Diagram located on the separate folded sheet “Mc1B”, is an example of a typical audio system. Your system may vary from this, however the actual components would be connected in a similar manner. For additional information refer to “Connector and Cable Information” on page 4.

1. For Remote Power Control, connect a power control cable from the Audio Preamp or A/V Control Center Power Control Output 1 to the MC302 POWER CONTROL IN Amplifier One.

2. Connect a power control cable from the Audio Preamp or A/V Control Center Power Control Output 2 to the MC302 POWER CONTROL IN Amplifier Two.

3. Connect XLR cables from the Balanced Output 1 (L&R) of an Audio Preamp or A/V Control Center to the MC302 Balanced Input (RIGHT and LEFT) on Amplifier One. Place the INPUT MODE Switch in the BALANCED Position.

   **Note: An optional hookup is to use unbalanced cables and place the INPUT MODE Switch in the UNBALANCED Position.**

4. Connect XLR cables from the Balanced Output 2 (L&R) of a Audio Preamp or A/V Control Center to the MC302 Balanced Input (RIGHT and LEFT) on Amplifier Two. Place the INPUT MODE Switch in the BALANCED Position.

   **Note: An optional hookup is to use unbalanced cables and place the INPUT MODE Switch in the UNBALANCED Position.**

This McIntosh MC302 Power Amplifier is designed for Loudspeakers with an impedance of 2 ohms, 4 ohms or 8 ohms. Connect a single Loudspeaker only to the Right and Left Output Terminals.

When connecting Loudspeakers to the MC302 it is very important to use cables of adequate size, so there is little to no power loss in the cables. The size is specified in Gauge Numbers or AWG (American Wire Gauge). The smaller the Gauge number, the larger the wire size:

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5. Prepare the Loudspeaker Hookup Cables for attachment to the MC302 Power Amplifiers:

   **Bare wire ends:**
   Carefully remove sufficient insulation from the cable ends, refer to figures 2, 3 & 4. If the cable is stranded, carefully twist the strands together as tightly as possible.

   **Banana Plugs are for use in the United States and Canada only:**

6. Attach the previously prepared bare wire cable ends into the banana plugs and secure the connections. Refer to figure F.

7. Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post clockwise until it is finger tight. Refer to figure G.
observe the correct polarities. Insert the spade lug connector or prepared section of the cable end into the terminal side access hole, and tighten the terminal cap until the cable is firmly clamped into the terminals so the lugs or wire cannot slip out. Refer to figures 7 and 8.

Note: The illustration on separate sheet “Mc1B” is connections for 8Ω (ohms) Loudspeakers. If the Loudspeaker’s impedance is in-between the available connections, use the nearest lower impedance connection. Refer to “General Information” Note 4 on page 3 for additional information.

WARNING: Loudspeaker terminals are hazardous live and present a risk of electric shock. For additional instruction on making Loudspeaker Connections contact your McIntosh Dealer or McIntosh Technical Support.

9. Connect the MC302 power cord to an active AC outlet.

8. Referring to figure H, connect the Loudspeaker hookup cables with banana plugs into the hole at the top of the terminal to the MC302 COM (Negative) Output Terminal and Positive Output Terminal identified as 2Ω (ohms), 4Ω (ohms) or 8Ω (ohms) connection to match the impedance of the Loudspeaker, being careful to observe the correct polarities. Refer to figure E.

Spade Lug or Wire Connections:
10. Connect the Loudspeaker hookup cables to the MC302 Negative Output Terminal and Positive Output Terminal identified as 2Ω (ohms), 4Ω (ohms) or 8Ω (ohms) connection to match the impedance of the Loudspeaker, being careful to observe the correct polarities. Insert the spade lug connector or prepared section of the cable end into the terminal side access hole, and tighten the terminal cap until the cable is firmly clamped into the terminals so the lugs or wire cannot slip out. Refer to figures 7 and 8.

Note: The illustration on separate sheet “Mc1B” is connections for 8Ω (ohms) Loudspeakers. If the Loudspeaker’s impedance is in-between the available connections, use the nearest lower impedance connection. Refer to “General Information” Note 4 on page 3 for additional information.

WARNING: Loudspeaker terminals are hazardous live and present a risk of electric shock. For additional instruction on making Loudspeaker Connections contact your McIntosh Dealer or McIntosh Technical Support.

11. Connect the MC302 power cord to an active AC outlet.
Front Panel Displays and Controls

- **Standby Power On Indicator**: LED indicates when the LEFT Channel Amplifier POWER GUARD circuit activates.
- **Meter**: Indicates the Left Channel Output of the amplifier.
- **METER Switch**: Selects the display modes of the Power Output Meter and Meter Illumination.
- **POWER Switch**: Turns AC Power Off, Remote, AC Power On.
- **Right Channel Output LED**: Indicates when the RIGHT Channel Amplifier POWER GUARD circuit activates.

**Power Output Meters**:
- **POWER OUTPUT**
  - **WATTS**: 30, 30, 30, 30, 300
  - **DECI BELS**: -60, -40, -20, -10, 0

**MC 302 Power Amplifier**

McIntosh
How to Operate

Power On
To have the MC302 automatically turn On or Off when a control center turns on or off, rotate the power switch to the Remote position. For manual operation, rotate the power switch to the On or Off position as desired. Refer to figure 8.

Note: There must be a power control connection between the MC302 and the Audio Preamplifier or A/V Control Center, in order for the remote power turn-on to function.

Meter Selection
Rotate the meter mode switch to select the meter operation mode you desire. Refer to figures 9 and 10.

Lights Off - Meter lights are turned off and the meter will continue to indicate the power output.

Note: When Power Control Input of the MC302 is connected to a Audio Preamplifier or A/V Control Center with Remote Meter Illumination Control, the Meter Illumination will automatically be remotely controlled (On/Off) with the METER Switch set to the WATTS or HOLD position.

Input Mode Switch
The Input Mode Switch, which is located on the Rear Panel of the MC302, allows selection of either the Balanced or Unbalanced Input. Refer to figure 11.

Watts - The meters respond to all the musical information being produced by the amplifier. They indicate to an accuracy of at least 95% of the power output with only a single cycle of a 2000Hz tone burst.

Hold - The meter pointer is locked to the highest power peak in a sequence of peaks. It is electronically held to this power level until a higher power peak passes through the amplifier. The meter pointer will then rise to the newer higher indication. If no further power peaks are reached, the meter pointer will very slowly return to its rest position or lower power level. The decay rate is approximately 6dB per minute.
McIntosh Laboratory, the company who introduced the world’s first amplifier that could be called “High Fidelity”, has done it again. The McIntosh engineering staff has created a power amplifier without compromise, using the most advanced McIntosh circuit design concepts.

The MC302 has a continuous average power output rating of 300 watts per channel, with a peak output current of 60 amperes, making it one of the most advanced amplifiers available today. The distortion limits for the MC302 are no more than 0.005% at rated power output for all frequencies from 20Hz to 20,000Hz. Typical performance at mid frequencies is less than 0.002%. The true distortion readings on the MC302 are so low, it takes special measuring techniques to make accurate readings. The MC302 can deliver the best possible performance from any type of high quality loudspeaker system. Refer to figure 12.

Creating an amplifier with this level of performance did not come easily. Many months of design, testing and measuring were required. Extensive controlled listening tests, the ultimate form of measuring, were made before the final design was accepted.

**Design Philosophy**

The design philosophy incorporated in the MC302 involved several different techniques, all based on sound scientific logic. Every stage of voltage or current amplification must be as linear as possible prior to the use of negative feedback. McIntosh engineers know how to properly design negative feedback circuits so they contribute to the extremely low distortion performance expected from a McIntosh amplifier. The typical McIntosh owner would never accept the approximately 100 times higher distortion of many
non-feedback designs. Refer to figure 15.

All transistors are selected to have nearly constant current gain over the entire current range they must cover. Output transistors in particular, have matched uniform current gain, high current bandwidth product and large active region safe operating area. These Power Transistors are the very latest in semiconductor technology and incorporate a new design known as ThermalTrak™. Refer to figure 13. This allows for the instantaneous and accurate monitoring of the Power Transistor Temperature. The MC302 Power Output Circuitry has a specially designed bias circuit to take full advantage of the ThermalTrak™ Power Transistors and thus precisely controls the power amplifier operation over a wide range of music conditions with the benefits of lower distortion and cooler operation. Precision metal film resistors and low dielectric absorption film capacitors are used in all critical circuit locations.

The output signals of the amplifier circuit is coupled together in the unique McIntosh MC302 Output Autoformer. It provides low distortion power transfer at frequencies from below 20Hz to well beyond 20,000Hz with optimum impedance points of two ohms, four ohms and eight ohms. The unequaled expertise of McIntosh in the design and manufacturing of autoformers is legendary in the high fidelity industry.

The high efficiency circuit design of the MC302 contributes to low operating temperatures. More than 1400 square inches of heat sink area keep the MC302 operating safely with convection cooling. No fans are needed. Refer to figure 14.

**Autoformers**

All solid state power amplifier output circuits work best into what is called an optimum load. This optimum load may vary considerably from what a loudspeaker requires. In the case of more than one loudspeaker connected in parallel, the load to the power amplifier may drop to two ohms or even less. A power amplifier connected to a load that is lower than optimum, causes more output current to flow, which results in extra heat being generated in the power output stage. This increase in temperature will result in a reduced life expectancy for the amplifier.
Technical Description, con’t

The Autoformer creates an ideal match between the power amplifier output stage and the loudspeaker. Refer to figure 16.

There is absolutely no performance limitation with an Autoformer. Its frequency response exceeds that of the output circuit itself, and extends well beyond the audible range. Its distortion level is so low it is virtually impossible to measure.

In the rare event of a power amplifier output circuit failure, the McIntosh Autoformer provides absolute protection from possible damage to your valuable loudspeakers. The unequalled expertise of McIntosh in the design and manufacturing of Autoformers is legendary in the high fidelity industry. McIntosh engineers know how to do it right.

Power Output Meter

The McIntosh MC302 has large Output Watt Meters that respond 95% full scale to a single cycle tone burst at 2kHz. Refer to figure 17. The Voltage Output is electronically measured and fed to a special circuit that accelerates the pointer movement in the upward direction. Refer to figure 25 on the next page.

When the pointer reaches its peak it pauses only long enough for the human eye to perceive its position, then drops. It is almost 10 times faster than a professional VU meter.

A front panel switch is provided to change the meter to the Watts Hold Mode of operation. This allows fast upward movement of the pointer but greatly increases Hold Time at the peak of its travel. The highest power output of the source material is thus recorded.

Protection Circuits

The MC302 incorporates the McIntosh Sentry Monitor Output Transistor Protection Circuit. Refer to Figure 18. There is absolutely no compromise in sonic performance with this circuit, and it ensures safe operation of the amplifier under even the most extreme operating conditions. The different types of protection circuits incorporated in the MC302 insure a long and safe operating life. This is just one of the many characteristics of McIntosh Power Amplifiers that make them world famous.

The MC302 also includes the unique patented McIntosh Power Guard circuit. Power Guard eliminates the possibility of ever overdriving the amplifier into clipping. Refer to figures 19, 20 and 21. An overdriven amplifier can produce both audible and inaudible distortion levels exceeding 40%. The audible distortion is unpleasant to hear, but the inaudible ultrasonic distortion is also undesirable, since it can damage valuable loudspeaker system tweeters. You will never experience the harsh and damaging distortion due to clipping.

The Power Guard circuit is a waveform comparator, monitoring both the input and output waveforms. Under normal operating conditions, there are no differences between the shape of these waveforms. If an amplifier channel is overdriven, there will be a difference between the two signal waveforms. When the difference exceeds 0.3%, the Power Guard activates the PG light and a dynamic electronic attenuator at the amplifier input reduces the input volume just enough to prevent any further increase in distortion. The Power
Guard circuit acts so fast that there are absolutely no audible side effects and the sonic purity of the music reproduction is perfectly preserved. The MC302 Power Amplifier with Power Guard is not limited to just the rated power output, but will actually produce distortion free output well above its rated power due to the McIntosh philosophy of conservative design.

**Power Supply Circuits**

To compliment the design of the MC302 Power Amplifier Circuitry, there is a high current high voltage power supply for both channels. Refer to figures 22 and 25. The very large Power Transformer can supply over 13 amps of continuous current. Refer to figure 23 (golf ball is for size comparison).

It is enclosed in the legendary McIntosh Potted Enclosures and weighs 28lbs. The two super size main filter capacitors can store over 140 Joules of energy for both amplifier channels, necessary for the wide dynamic range that “Digital Audio” demands. Refer to figure 24. The power amplifier draws high current from the AC power line. Therefore, it is important that they plug directly into the wall outlet. Also, most owners desire one power switch for the whole audio system. The MC302 is equipped with a circuit that provides remote Power Control from a McIntosh A/V Control Center. Refer to figure 25. When the A/V Control Center is switched On, a (+5V) signal operates the power relay in the MC302. The MC302 also has two remote Power Control Out Jacks. The Power Control signal from these jacks are delayed by a fraction of a second so that the turn on power surge of the next power amplifier occurs at a later time. This helps prevent power circuit overload that could trip circuit breakers or blow fuses, a very important feature in a high power Home Systems employing multiple MC302 Power Amplifiers.
### Specifications

#### Power Output
Minimum sine wave continuous average power output per channel, with both channels operating is:
- 300 watts into 2 ohm load
- 300 watts into 4 ohm load
- 300 watts into 8 ohm load

#### Output Load Impedance
2, 4 or 8 ohms

#### Rated Power Band
20Hz to 20,000Hz

#### Total Harmonic Distortion
0.005% maximum harmonic distortion at any power level from 250 milliwatts to rated power, 20Hz to 20,000Hz

#### Dynamic Headroom
1.8dB

#### Frequency Response
+0, -0.25dB from 20Hz to 20,000Hz
+0, -3.0dB from 10Hz to 100,000Hz

#### Input Sensitivity (for rated output)
3.4 Volts Balanced
1.7 Volts Unbalanced

#### Signal To Noise Ratio (A-Weighted)
95dB Balanced (120dB below rated output)
93dB Unbalanced (118dB below rated output)

#### Intermodulation Distortion
0.005% maximum, if the instantaneous peak power output does not exceed twice the rated power output for any combination of frequencies from 20Hz to 20,000Hz.

#### Wide Band Damping Factor
Greater than 40

#### Input Impedance
22,000 ohms Balanced
22,000 ohms Unbalanced

#### Voltage Gain
- 29dB, 8 Ohms
- 26dB, 4 Ohms
- 23dB, 2 Ohms

#### Power Guard
Less than 2% Total Harmonic Distortion with up to a 14dB overdrive signal

#### Power Control Input
5-15VDC, less than 1mA

#### Power Control Output 1 and 2
12VDC, 50mA maximum total
Output is delayed 0.2 seconds from turn On

#### Power Requirements
*Field AC Voltage conversion of the MC302 is not possible. The MC302 is factory configured for one of the following AC Voltages:*
- 100V ~ 50/60Hz at 8 Amps
- 110V ~ 50/60Hz at 6.6 Amps
- 120V ~ 50/60Hz at 6.6 Amps
- 220V ~ 50/60Hz at 3.6 Amps
- 230V ~ 50/60Hz at 3.3 Amps
- 240V ~ 50/60Hz at 3.3 Amps

Standby: less than 0.5 watt

*Note: Refer to the rear panel of the MC302 for the correct voltage.*

#### Overall Dimensions
- Width is 17-1/2 inches (44.45cm)
- Height is 9-7/16 inches (23.97cm) including feet
- Depth is 22 inches (55.88cm) including the Front Panel, Knobs and Cables

#### Weight
- 98 pounds (44.45 kg) net, 131 pounds (59.42 kg) in shipping carton

#### Shipping Carton Dimensions
- Width is 29-1/2 inches (74.93cm)
- Depth is 29 inches (73.66cm)
- Height is 17 inches (43.18cm)
Packing Instructions

In the event it is necessary to repack the equipment for shipment, the equipment must be packed exactly as shown below. It is very important that the four plastic feet are attached to the bottom of the equipment. Four 1/4 - 20x2-1/4 inch screws and washers must be used to fasten the unit securely to the bottom pad and wood skid. This will ensure the proper equipment location on the bottom pad. Failure to do this will result in shipping damage.

Use the original shipping carton and interior parts only if they are all in good serviceable condition. If a shipping carton or any of the interior part(s) are needed, please call or write Customer Service Department of McIntosh Laboratory. Refer to page 3. Please see the Part List for the correct part numbers.

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<td>Foam Pad (top and bottom)</td>
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<td>2</td>
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<td>Foam Pad (front and rear)</td>
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